- Be aware what type of answer the question requires and watch for action verbs.
- Present your answer in a standard format. Include Introduction, Body, and Conclusion.
- Include the most amount of point-earning information in the least amount of time.
- Write legible, complete sentences and paragraphs.
- ◆ Leave space for additional information.
- ◆ Re-read your answers and correct spelling and grammatical errors as neatly as possible.
- If you run out of time outline the remaining information - you may receive partial credit.

ACTION VERB LIST

ANALYZE - Break into separate parts and examine, discuss, or interpret each part.

COMPARE - Examine two or more things to identify similarities and differences. Comparisons generally ask for similarities more than differences.

CONTRAST - Show differences.

<u>CRITICIZE</u> - Make judgments and evaluate comparative worth. Criticism often involves analysis.

<u>DEFINE</u> - Give meaning, usually information specific to the course or subject. Determine the precise limits of the term to be defined and explain the exact meaning.



<u>DESCRIBE</u> - Give a detailed account that can make a picture with words (list characteristics, qualities, and parts).

<u>DISCUSS</u> - Consider and debate or argue the pros and cons of an issue, write about any conflict (compare and contrast).

<u>ILLUSTRATE</u> - Comment upon, give examples, describe relationships, or describe events.

ENUMERATE - Give your opinion of an expert. Include evidence to support the evaluation.

PROVE - Support with facts, specifically facts presented in class or in the text.

STATE - Explain precisely.

<u>SUMMARIZE</u> - Give a brief, condensed account that includes conclusions, and avoids unnecessary details.

STAY FOCUSED

One technique that helps students stay focused during a test is to take a blank sheet of paper and cover up the test except for the question you are working on. This may help you focus by concentrating on one question at a time.

REFERENCES

mtsu.edu/~studskl/ Academic Resource Center, Utah State University, www.usu.edu/arc

FOR MORE INFORMATION CONTACT:

- Leigh DeVae Bailey Counselor 850-769-1551 x4861 Ibailey@gulfcoast.edu
- ◆ Chrystal Fuller Academic & Career Coach 850-769-1551 x2829 cfuller7@gulfcoast.edu

Compiled by

The Counseling Center
Of Gulf Coast State College

September 1999 Updated - April 2015, October 2017, June 2018, August 2020, August 2021, January 2022, August 2024

Pathways to College Success





TEST TAKING SKILLS



TEST TAKING TIPS

Taking tests is one of the most stressful aspects of the college experience. The best way to decrease your test anxiety is to be prepared by having good study skills and effective time management. This pamphlet provides additional information that will assist you in eliminating stress due to test taking.

GENERAL INFORMATION

- Give yourself plenty of time to travel to the test site.
- Dress comfortably.
- Eat something prior to testing.
- Arrive early and avoid discussing the test with other students.
- ◆ Read all the directions and make sure you understand them.
- Budget your time be aware of time limits and the number of questions.
- Read each question carefully.
- Ask for help from the instructor if you do not understand the question.
- Do not be concerned if other students finish before you.
- Do the easiest questions first.
- ◆ Think positive thoughts.
- ◆ Do not panic.
- ◆ Check your work.
- Beware of changing your answers! Make sure you have a good reason to change your first answer.

- Plan a strategy to study portions each day
- Use a calendar to schedule study times as well as reward time and make sure you stay with the schedule

THE DAY PRIOR TO THE TEST

- Review in small increments of time.
- Remind yourself that you are ready and confident.
- ◆ Relax before going to sleep.
- ◆ Get plenty of sleep.

OBJECTIVE TESTS

MULTIPLE CHOICE

- ◆ Answer questions in order.
- Read the guestions carefully and watch for negative wording such as "not," "seldom," "never," "most," "best," and "worst".
- ◆ Place a check by the questions you are unsure of and then go back and answer them later.
- Watch for grammatical inconsistencies between the stem and the response.
- ◆ If unsure of answer try eliminating the wrong answers and choose from remaining answers

MATCHING

◆ Work one column at a time on matching questions and mark off the used answers.

TRUE/FALSE

- Be aware of absolute words that imply no exceptions - never - none - always - all - every only
- Be aware of qualifiers that limit meaning and allow exceptions and possibilities - some - few often - many
- ◆ Double negatives tend to show a positive statement
- ◆ The word "not" does not always make a statement false
- Be aware of limiting phrases names, dates, and places are often used as the key to making a statement false
- If any part of the statement is false, the answer is false

PROBLEM TESTS

- Read all questions first and write down formulas, rules, and equations while they are fresh on your mind
- ◆ Answer the easiest questions first
- Be neat and show all your work
- ◆ Leave spaces between answers, you may need to add something later
- ◆ Never leave a blank answer
- ◆ Check your work

ESSAY TESTS

- Read all questions before beginning
- Make an outline of what you want to include in the essay to keep you on track and not forget any important information, and check off information in outline as you write.

